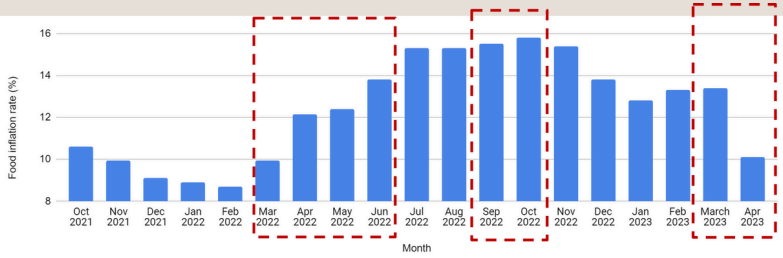




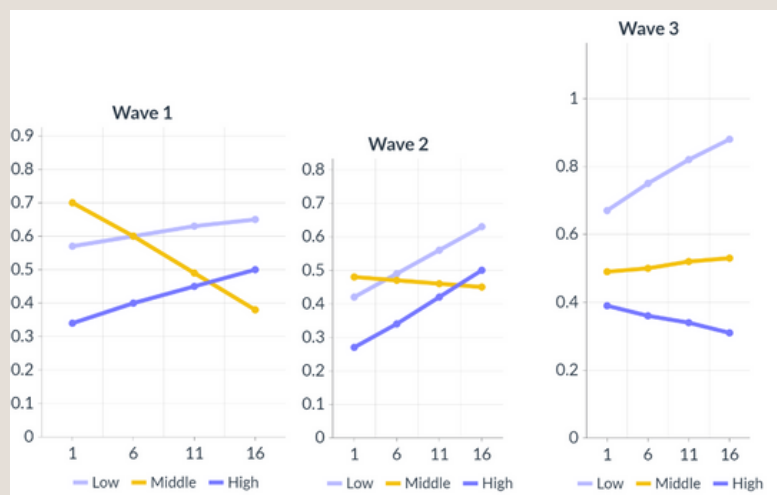
# JAMAA NA AFYA YA MTOTO

THE JAMO PROJECT STUDIES THE EXTENT TO WHICH KINSHIP SUPPORT AND MARRIAGE BENEFIT MOTHERS AND CHILDREN IN LOW INCOME, URBAN AFRICAN SETTINGS. THE STUDY CONSISTS OF SIX WAVES OF SURVEYS AND THREE ROUNDS OF QUALITATIVE DATA COLLECTION IN TWO LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES IN NAIROBI, KENYA. THE STARTING SAMPLE INCLUDES 1,203 MOTHERS AGED 18-29 WITH A CHILD AGED 0-24 MONTHS.

## FOOD INSECURITY AND KIN SUPPORT



**FOOD INFLATION DRAMATICALLY INCREASED BETWEEN WAVES 1 AND 2 AND THEN CAME DOWN BY WAVE 3.**



**THIS GRAPH PRESENTS THE PREDICTED PROBABILITY OF SEVERE FOOD INSECURITY BY THE NUMBER OF KIN PROVIDING SUPPORT, STRATIFIED BY LOWER, MIDDLE, AND HIGH ECONOMIC STATUS. FOR POOR WOMEN, THE HIGHER THE NUMBER OF KIN PROVIDING SUPPORT, THE HIGHER THE PROBABILITY OF SEVERE FOOD INSECURITY. THIS IS PARTICULARLY TRUE IN TIMES OF CRISIS.**

WHEN THEY NEED SOMETHING AND I DON'T HAVE, I HAVE TO BE STRESSED. LET'S SAY MY MOTHER HAS CALLED ME, "I DON'T HAVE MONEY, I DON'T HAVE FOOD," AND AT THAT MOMENT YOU DON'T HAVE. YOU JUST HAVE TO HAVE WORRY, WHERE WILL IT GET IT FROM, WHERE WILL I BORROW FROM SO THAT I SEND THEM. JUST LIKE THAT